International Standard



787/9

H-15-17

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

General methods of test for pigments and extenders — Part 9: Determination of pH value of an aqueous suspension

Méthodes générales d'essai des pigments et matières de charge — Partie 9 : Détermination du pH d'une suspension aqueuse

First edition — 1981-09-15

UDC 667.622:543.257.1

Ref. No. ISO 787/9-1981 (E)

Descriptors: paints, pigments, tests, chemical analysis, determination of content, pH.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 787/9 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, and was circulated to the member bodies in November 1979.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Australia	Ireland	Romania
Austria	Israel	South Africa, Rep. of
Brazil	Italy	Spain
Canada	Kenya	Sweden
China	Korea, Rep. of	Switzerland
France	Netherlands	United Kingdom
Germany, F. R.	Norway	USSR
India	Poland	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 787/9-1970, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

⑤ International Organization for Standardization, 1981 ●

Printed in Switzerland